# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Vero K-Pak Stainless Color Stain Remover



# Section 1. Identification

Product Name : Vero K-Pak Stainless Color Stain Remover

Other means of : Not available. identification

Recommended use : Hair Care Product

**Restrictions on use** : Use only as directed on the product label.

Manufacturer : Zotos International, INC

100 Tokeneke Road, Darien, CT 06820 www.zotos.com

Validation date : 3/4/2015.

<u>In case of emergency</u> : (800) 584-8038 [24 Hours]

**Telephone number** : (203) 656-7859 [8:30 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.]

Transportation Emergency : Contact: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300 [US/Canada 24 Hours]

Product type : Liquid.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Emergency overview**

NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED. Additional information on toxicological endpoints is available from the supplier upon request

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 81.1%

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

**Prevention**: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot

surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container

tightly closed. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Response : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

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# Section 2. Hazards identification

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

**United States** 

Name	%	CAS number
Ethyl alcohol	11.54	64-17-5
Benzyl alcohol	5.00	100-51-6
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl	2.82	61789-40-0
derivs., hydroxides, inner salts		
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	1.08	9002-92-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

# **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Inhalation

: Move affected person to fresh air.

Skin contact

: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Ingestion

: NOT EXPECTED TO PRODUCE SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS WHEN THE RECOMMENDED INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE ARE FOLLOWED. Treat symptomatically. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a

physician.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

## **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

: Do not use water jet.

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

# For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **United States**

#### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ethyl alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 6/2013).  STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).  TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Benzyl alcohol	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

Hygiene measures

Hygiene measures

Eye/face protection

: When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

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# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

## Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid. [Viscous liquid.]

Color : Colorless to light yellow.

Odor : Characteristic. Fragrance-like.

**pH** : 4.5 to 5.5

**Boiling point** : 78.333°C (173°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 36°C (96.8°F)

Relative density : 0.986 to 1

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

# Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

#### **Conditions to avoid**

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

#### **Incompatible materials**

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

# Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

ot be produced.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

# **United States**

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethyl alcohol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Benzyl alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethyl alcohol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100	-
	E a constant	D - 1-1-11		microliters	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
	Claim Mild invitant	Dabbit		milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		milligrams 24 hours 20	
	Skiii - Moderate ii itant	Rabbit	-	milligrams	-
Benzyl alcohol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man		48 hours 16	_
Benzyi alconor	OKIT - Wild II Italit	IVICIT		milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	_	100 Percent	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	_
				milligrams	
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-				microliters	
dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs.,					
hydroxides, inner salts					
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
				Micrograms	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 6	-
				milligrams	
				Intermittent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	

# **Sensitization**

Not available.

## **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

# **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

# **Classification**

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethyl alcohol	-	1	-

# Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

## **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

## **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

**Skin contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation: No specific data.Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

## **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : No

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
	4343.7 mg/kg 5.663 mg/l

# **Section 12. Ecological information**

### **United States**

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethyl alcohol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Benzyl alcohol	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	Acute LC50 6460 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1500 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Salmo salar - Parr	48 hours 96 hours

# Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl alcohol	-0.35	-	low
Benzyl alcohol	0.87	-	low
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-	1.79	71	low
(carboxymethyl)-N,N-			
dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs.,			
hydroxides, inner salts			

## **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods**

: Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1993	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.	3	Ш	FLAMMARIE HOUD	Limited quantity Yes.
					3	Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L
						Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: 220 L
						Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29
TDG Classification	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O. S.	3	III		Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 5
					3	Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index 60
						Special provisions 16
Mexico Classification	UN1993	LIQUIDO INFLAMABLE, N. E.P.	3	III	<u>(1)</u>	Special provisions 223, 274
ADR/RID Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O. S.	3	Ш		Hazard identification number 30
						Limited quantity
						Special provisions 274 601 640E
						Tunnel code (D/E)
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O. S.	3	Ш		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-E, _S-E_
						Special provisions 223, 274, 955

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Vero K-Pak Stainless Color Stain Remover **Section 14. Transport information IATA-DGR Class** UN1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s. Passenger and Cargo 3 Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Packaging instructions: 309 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Packaging instructions: 310 <u>Limited Quantities -</u> Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L Packaging instructions: Y309 **Special provisions** 

PG\*: Packing group

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: potassium hydroxide; Phosphoric acid, solution

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class I Substances

: Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

(Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

(Essential Cheffic

**SARA 302/304** 

**Composition/information on ingredients** 

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

## Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Ethyl alcohol Benzyl alcohol 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N- (carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N- coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	11.54 5.00 2.82	Yes. No. No.	No. No. No.	No. No. No.	Yes. Yes. Yes.	No. No. No.
Dodecan-1-ol, ethoxylated	1.08	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; BENZYL ALCOHOL;

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE

New York : The following components are listed: Potassium hydroxide

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL; POTASSIUM

HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC POTASH

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL; BENZENEMETHANOL;

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (K(OH))

#### California Prop. 65

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65: The following statement is made in order to comply with the California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986. This product is not known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Not available.

## **International regulations**

## Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

## Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

# **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

# **Canada**

WHMIS (Canada) : Class B-2: Flammable liquid

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Ethanol

**CEPA Toxic substances**: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### **Mexico**

Classification :



# Section 16. Other information

## **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

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Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

## **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.